#### What is claimed is:

- A photothermographic material comprising, support, a photosensitive silver halide, a nonphotosensitive organic silver salt, a reducing agent and wherein the photothermographic material binder, comprises a compound having a group adsorptive to silver halide and a reducible group or a precursor of the compound, a silver behenate content οf the nonphotosensitive organic silver salt is at least 30% by mole and less than 80% by mole, and the binder has a glass transition temperature (Tg) of 45°C or higher.
- 2. The photothermographic material according to claim 1, wherein a silver iodide content of the photosensitive silver halide is 5% by mole or more.
- 3. The photothermographic material according to claim
- 2, wherein the silver iodide content of the photosensitive silver halide is 30% by mole or more.
- 4. The photothermographic material according to claim
- 3, wherein the silver iodide content of the photosensitive silver halide is 70% by mole or more.
- 5. The photothermographic material according to claim
- 4, wherein the silver iodide content of the photosensitive silver halide is 90% by mole or more.
- 6. The photothermographic material according to claim
- 1, wherein an average grain size of the photosensitive

silver halide is 5 nm to 80 nm.

- 7. The photothermographic material according to claim 6, wherein the average grain size of the photosensitive
- silver halide is 10 nm to 55 nm.
- 8. The photothermographic material according to claim
- 1, wherein the binder comprises polyvinyl butyral in an amount of 50% by weight or more.
- 9. A photothermographic material comprising, on a support, an image forming layer comprising at least a photosensitive silver halide, a non-photosensitive organic silver salt, a reducing agent and a binder, wherein the photothermographic material comprises a compound having an adsorptive group and a reducible group, or a precursor of the compound, and the photosensitive silver halide comprises iridium.
- 10. The photothermographic material according to claim 9, wherein the amount of iridium is  $1\times10^{-8}$  mol to  $1\times10^{-1}$
- mol per one mol of the silver halide.
- 11. The photothermographic material according to claim
- 10, wherein the amount of iridium is  $1\times10^{-6}$  mol to  $1\times10^{-3}$  mol per one mol of the silver halide.
- 12. The photothermographic material according to claim
- 9, wherein the photothermographic material comprises a compound that can be one-electron-oxidized to provide a one-electron oxidation product which releases one or more

electrons due to a subsequent reaction.

- 13. The photothermographic material according to claim 12, wherein the compound that can be one-electron-oxidized is selected from the following compounds of Groups 1 to 5:
- (Group 1) a compound that can be one-electron-oxidized to provide a one-electron oxidation product which further releases at least two electrons, due to being subjected to a subsequent bond cleavage reaction;
- (Group 2) a compound that has at least two groups adsorptive to the silver halide and can be one-electron-oxidized to provide a one-electron oxidation product which further releases one electron, due to being subjected to a subsequent bond cleavage reaction;
- (Group 3) a compound that can be one-electron-oxidized to provide a one-electron oxidation product, which further releases at least one electron after being subjected to a subsequent bond formation;
- (Group 4) a compound that can be one-electron-oxidized to provide a one-electron oxidation product which further releases at least one electron after a subsequent intramolecular ring cleavage reaction; and
- (Group 5) a compound represented by X-Y, in which X represents a reducible group and Y represents a leaving group, and convertable by one-electron-oxidizing the

reducible group to a one-electron oxidation product which can be converted into an X radical by eliminating the leaving group in a subsequent X-Y bond cleavage reaction, one electron being released from the X radical.

14. The photothermographic material according to claim 9, wherein the photothermographic material comprises at least one spectral sensitizer represented by any one of the following formulae (3a) to (3d):

### Formula (3a)

# Formula (3b)

$$(R_{13}-S(=O)_{t11})_{n11} \xrightarrow{Y_{11}} L_{11} = L_{12} - *$$

$$W_{12} \xrightarrow{R_{11}} L_{14} - L_{15} \xrightarrow{R_{12}} (S(=O)_{t12}-R_{14})_{n12}$$

$$(X_{11})_{k11} \xrightarrow{W_{13}} W_{14}$$
Formula (3c)

## Formula (3c)

## Formula (3d)

wherein,  $\mathbf{Y}_{\text{1}}$ ,  $\mathbf{Y}_{\text{2}}$  and  $\mathbf{Y}_{\text{11}}$  each represent an oxygen atom, a

sulfur atom, a selenium atom or a -CH=CH- group; L<sub>1</sub> to L<sub>9</sub> and  $L_{11}$  to  $L_{15}$  each represent a methine group;  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_{11}$ and  $R_{12}$  each represent an aliphatic group;  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_{13}$  and  $R_{14}$  each represent a lower alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group;  $W_1$ ,  $W_2$ ,  $W_3$ ,  $W_4$ ,  $W_{11}$ ,  $W_{12}$ ,  $W_{13}$  and  $W_{14}$  each represent a hydrogen atom or a substituent, or alternatively together represent a group of nonmetallic atoms required to form a condensed ring by bonding between  $W_1$  and  $W_2$ ,  $W_3$  and  $W_4$ ,  $W_{11}$ and  $W_{12}$ , and  $W_{13}$  and  $W_{14}$ , respectively, or a group of nonmetallic atoms required to form a 5- or 6-membered condensed ring  $R_3$  and  $W_1$ ,  $R_3$  and  $W_2$ ,  $R_{13}$  and  $W_{11}$ ,  $R_{13}$  and  $W_{12}$ ,  $R_4$  and  $W_3$ ,  $R_4$  and  $W_4$ ,  $R_{14}$  and  $W_{13}$ , and  $R_{14}$  and  $W_{14}$ , respectively;  $X_1$  and  $X_{11}$  each represent an ion necessary for neutralizing a charge in a molecule; k1 and k11 each represent a number of ions necessary for neutralizing a charge in a molecule; m1 represents 0 or 1; n1, n2, n11 and n12 each represent 0, 1 or 2, provided that at least one of n1 and n2 represents 1 or 2, and that at least one of n11 and n12 represents 1 or 2; and that t1, t2, t11 and t12 each represent 1 or 2.

15. The photothermographic material according to claim 9, wherein the image forming layer is formed by coating the support with a coating solution for an image forming layer prepared by at least the following 1) and 2):

- 1) preparing the photosensitive silver halide; and
- 2) preparing the non-photosensitive organic silver salt.
- 16. The photothermographic material according to claim
  15, wherein the photosensitive silver halide is added

while preparing the non-photosensitive organic silver salt.

- 17. The photothermographic material according to claim
- 9, wherein a silver iodide content of the photosensitive silver halide is 5% by mole or more.
- 18. The photothermographic material according to claim
- 17, wherein the silver iodide content of the photosensitive silver halide is 40% by mole or more.